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DP 2595 CLOSED CELL FOAM SPRAY ADHESIVE

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===== SECTION I – PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION =====

PRODUCT NAME: CLOSED CELL FOAM SPRAY ADHESIVE
PRODUCT CODE: DP 2595

MANUFACTURERS' NAME: DESIGN POLYMERICS

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PREPARED BY: Technical Dept. Supersedes all previous

===== SECTION II – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION =====

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 1.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2B.
Carcinogenicity: Category 1B.
Simple Asphyxiant.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (central nervous system): Category 3
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2 Label Elements:

Signal word
Danger



Hazard Statements

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
Causes eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May cause cancer.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

Causes damage to organs : cardiovascular system

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:
respiratory system |

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

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IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

Protect from sunlight.
Keep cool.
Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up in a well-ventilated place

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

Notes to Physician:

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

55% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity

=====SECTION III – COMPOSITION/PHYSICAL PROPERTIES=====

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	40-50 Trade Secret *
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	10 -30 Trade Secret *
Non-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)	Trade Secret*	20-40 Trade Secret *
Isobutane	75-28-5	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Propane	74-98-6	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	< 3 Trade Secret *
Talc	14807-96-6	< 0.2 Trade Secret *

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

===== SECTION IV – FIRST AID MEASURES =====

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

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SECTION V - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Aldehydes	During Combustion
Hydrocarbons	During Combustion
Formaldehyde	During Combustion
Methane	During Combustion
Chlorine	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Chloride	During Combustion
Ketones	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion
Phosgene	During Combustion
Oxides of Sulfur	During Combustion
Toxic Vapor, Gas, Pariculate	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION VI – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION VII – HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local

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exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

===== SECTION VIII – EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION =====

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	AIHA	TWA:1880 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	CMRG	TWA:1000 ppm	
Talc	14807-96-6	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Talc	14807-96-6	CMRG	TWA(as respirable dust):0.5 mg/m3	
Talc	14807-96-6	OSHA	TWA concentration(as total dust): 0.3 mg/m3; TWA concentration(respirable):0.1 mg/m3(2.4 millions of particles/cu. ft.);TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. Ft	
Propane	74-98-6	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	
Propane	74-98-6	OSHA	TWA:1800 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	OSHA	TWA:25 ppm;STEL:125 ppm	Skin Notation, 29 CFR1910.1052
Natural gas	75-28-5	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	
Isobutane	75-28-5	ACGIH	STEL:1000 ppm	
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	simple asphyxiant

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

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Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Fluoroelastomer
Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator
Organic vapor respirators may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer

===== SECTION IX - PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL PROPERTIES =====

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:	Liquid
Odor, Color, Grade:	Various Colors; solvent odor.
Odor threshold:	No Data Available
pH:	No Data Available
Melting point:	No Data Available
Boiling Point:	-44°F
Flash Point:	-156°F [Test method: Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate:	No Data Available
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL):	1.8% volume
Flammable Limits(UEL):	18% volume
Vapor Pressure:	No Data Available
Vapor Density:	>=1 [Ref. Std: AIR=1]
Density:	1.2 g/ml
Specific Gravity:	1.2 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
Solubility in Water:	Nil
Solubility- non-water:	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water:	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature:	No Data Available
Decomposition temperature:	No Data Available
Viscosity:	No Data Available
Hazardous Air Pollutants:	46.8% weight [Test Method: Calculated]
Volatile Organic Compounds	632.4 g/l [Details: VOC for Europe only]
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents:	377.2 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents:	3.15 lb/gal [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

===== SECTION X – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY DATA =====

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames
Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Not determined

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

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Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

===== SECTION XI – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION =====

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal

Simple Asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye Contact:

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause:

Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Pneumoconiosis: Sign/symptoms may include persistent cough, breathlessness, chest pain, increased amounts of sputum, and changes in lung function tests.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>Class Description</u>	<u>Regulation</u>
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	Gr1/ 2A” Probable Human Carc	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	Anticipated Human Carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	Cancer Hazard	OSHA Carcinogens

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure:

Can aggravate pre-existing cardiovascular disease.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

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Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000- 5,000 m g/kg
Methylene Chloride	Dermal	Rat	LD50> 2,000 , g/kg
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 63.7 mg/l
Methylene Chloride	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,410 m g/kg
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 164,000 ppm
Isobutane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 276,000 ppm
Non-Hazardous Components (NJTS Reg.No. 04499600-7254	Dermal	Not Available	LD50>2,000 m g/kg
Non-Hazardous Components (NJTS Reg.No. 04499600-7254	Ingestion	Not Available	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Propane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50>200,000 ppm
Nitrogen	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Nitrogen	Inhalation-Gas		LC50 estimated to be > 50,000 ppm
Nitrogen	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Talc	Dermal		LD50 Not Available
Talc	Ingestion		LD50 Not Available

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Methylene Chloride	Rabbit	mild irritant
Non-Hazardous Components (NJTS Reg.No. 04499600-7254)		No significant irritation
Isobutane		No significant irritation
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Propane	Rabbit	minimal irritation
Nitrogen		No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Methylene Chloride	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Non-Hazardous Components (NJTS Reg.No. 04499600-7254)		No significant irritation
Propane	Rabbit	no significant irritation
Talc	Rabbit	mild irritant
Nitrogen		No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Non-hazardous components (NJTS Reg.No. 04499600-7236)		Not Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Talc	Huma	Not sensitizing

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Methylene Chloride	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methylene Chloride	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Dimethyl Ether	In Vitro	not mutagenic
Dimethyl Ether	In vivo	not mutagenic
Isobutane	In Vitro	not mutagenic
Propane	In Vitro	not mutagenic
Talc	In Vitro	not mutagenic

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Talc

in vivo

not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Multiple Animal Species	Carcinogenic
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Rat	Not Carcinogenic
Talc	Inhalation	Rat	some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 Mg/l	2 generation
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 Mg/l	2 generation
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Some positive data exist, but The data are not sufficient for Classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.3 mg/l	during gestation
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 40,000 ppm	during organogenesis
Talc	Ingestion	Not Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Methylene Chloride	Dermal	Blood	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	4 hours
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Central nervous	may cause drowsiness or dizziness	human	NOAEL Not available	Occupational exposure
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Blood	some positive data exist, but The data are not sufficient for Classification	human	NOAEL not available	
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Respiratory irritation	Some positive data exists, but The data are not sufficient for Classification		NOAEL Not available	
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	central nervous System depression	may cause drowsiness or dizziness	Rat	LOAEL 10,000 ppm	30 minutes
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Some positive data exist, but The data are not sufficient for Classification	Dog	NOAEL 100,000 ppm	5 minutes
Isobutane	Inhalation	central nervous System deprssion	Causes damage to organs	Multiple Animal Species	NOAEL not available	
Isobutane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL not Available	
Isobutane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	all data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL not Available	
Propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL not Available	
Propane	Inhalation	central nervous System depression	may cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL not available	
Propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL not Available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Methylene chloride	inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	some positive data exist, But the data are not sufficient For classification	rat	LOAEL 6.95 mg/l	2 years
Mehtylene Chloride	inhalation	liver	some positive data exist, But the data are not sufficient For classification	rat	NOAEL 0.17 mg/l	2 years

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Methylene Chloride	inhalation	respiratory system	some positive data exist, But the data are not sufficient For classification	multiple animal species	LOAEL 35 mg/l	8 weeks
Methylene Chloride	inhalation	heart	some positive data exists, but The data are not sufficient For classification	Human	NOAEL not available	
Methylene Chloride	inhalation	immune system	All data are negative	Rat	NOEL 18 Mg/l	28 days
Methylene Chloride	Ingestion	liver	some positive data exist, But the data are not sufficient	Rat	LOAEL 1,200 mg/kg/day	3 months
Methylene Chloride	Ingestion	blood	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 249 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methylene Chloride	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,469 mg/kg/day	3 monthw
Methylene Chloride	Ingestion	eyes	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 249 mg/kg/day	104weeks
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 20,000 ppm	30 weeks
Isobutane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 4,500 ppm	13 weeks
Talc	Inhalation	pneumonconiosis	causes damage to organs Through prolonged or repeated Exposure	Human	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure
Talc	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis respiratory system	Some positive data exist but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/m3	113 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION XII – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION XIII – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

